HYDROGEOLOGY

Profession Colonia Colonia

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions

There are NINE questions divided under FIVE Sections.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

The ONLY question in Section—A is compulsory.

Out of the remaining EIGHT questions, the candidate has to attempt FOUR, choosing ONE from each of the other Sections B, C, D and E.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Symbols, abbreviations and notations have their usual standard meanings.

Neat sketches are to be drawn to illustrate answers, wherever required.

Wherever required, graphs/tables are to be drawn on the Question-cum-Answer Booklet itself.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

Answers must be written in ENGLISH only.

SECTION-A

(Compulsory Section)

- 1. Write short notes on the following in not more than 5 sentences each: 5×8=40
 - (a) Hardness of groundwater and its significance
 - (b) Darcy's law
 - (c) Transmissivity and storage coefficient
 - (d) Piper diagram
 - (e) Lineament-based exploration of groundwater
 - (f) Perennial yield
 - (g) Runoff hydrographs
 - (h) Diurnal fluctuations in water table

SECTION—B

Attempt any one question

- 2. (a) What do you understand by the terms 'specific yield', 'specific retention' and 'porosity' of an aquifer? Also derive an expression to show their interrelationship.
 - (b) Explain hydrostatic equilibrium developed along coastal areas, and how excessive groundwater withdrawal may cause saltwater intrusion and contamination of an aquifer. Draw sketches to illustrate your answer.
 - (c) In the pump test of an aquifer, the discharge of water coming out of the pumping well is 5000 m³/day. The observation well is placed at a distance of 200 m from the main pumping well. If the intercept of the best fitted line on x-axis (i.e., time for zero drawdown) is 0.50 minute and the change in drawdown per log cycle time is 4.5 m, calculate the transmissivity (T) and storativity (S) of the aquifer by Jacob's method.

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15

3.	(a)	Writ	e notes on the following:	5×3=15
		(i)	Difference between 'hydraulic head' and 'hydraulic gradient'	
		(ii)	Difference among 'aquifuge', 'aquiclude' and 'aquitard'	
		(iii)	Cone of depression and safe distance	
	(b)	(i)	What is hydraulic conductivity of an aquifer? Calculate the hydraconductivity of an aquifer in which the Darcian velocity is 10 cm/day hydraulic gradient is 0.002.	
		(ii)	Determine the transmissivity of a 10 m thick sandstone whose hydra conductivity is 10 cm/day.	ulic 5
	(c)	Illus	trate the following types of water quality diagrams:	10
		(i)	Stiff diagram	
		(ii)	Wilcox diagram	
			Section—C	
			Attempt any one question	
4.	(a)		russ briefly on the problem of fluoride contamination in groundwater githasis on its distribution (Indian scenario) and related health hazard	_
	(b)	of gr	fly discuss on the different parameters considered for irrigation suitabroundwater. Enumerate briefly on each of them giving emphasis on tking formula and suitability range.	
	(c)	Illus	would you differentiate between 'confined' and 'unconfined' aquifer strate your views with neat sketches. Write a note on perched aquifer significance in water supply schemes.	
5.	(a)		at are springs? Explain the different types of springs with special reference of springs.	ence 15
	(b)	How	can isotope hydrology help in groundwater age determination?	15
	(c)	Writ	te notes on the following :	10
		(i)	Meteoric water and magmatic water	
		(ü)	Hydrostratigraphic unit	

SECTION-D

Attempt any one question

6.	(a)	Describe the geological investigation techniques for groundwater exploration.	15
	(b)	Discuss rock resistivity and list its values for common rocks. Explain the field survey method of groundwater prospecting using Wenner configuration.	15
	(c)	What is a pumping test? How is the pumping test data obtained and interpreted?	10
7.	(a)	Explain the design of a tube well. How is the tube well different from a dug well?	10
	(b)	Examine the impact of excessive pumping of groundwater from wells in close distance.	15
	(c)	Comment on the utility of radiation logging in groundwater exploration.	15
		Section—E	
		SECTION—E Attempt any one question	
8.	(a)		10
8.	(a) (b)	Attempt any one question	10 15
8.	• •	Attempt any one question Discuss the impact of mining on groundwater.	

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(c) Write with neat diagrams the impact of influent and effluent streams on the

(b) Comment on the global water budgeting including groundwater.

groundwater levels of a region.

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